Open letter to the Secretary of State for Health: 'Ethical, Professional and Scientific Standards of the Royal College of Psychiatrists'

Professor John Read & 30 others

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Introduction and Context by **James Moore**

What led a group of 30 academics, psychiatrists and people with lived experience to formally complain to the Royal College of Psychiatrists about public statements made regarding withdrawal from antidepressant drugs?

On 21 February 2018, *The Lancet* reported the results of a meta-analysis¹ of 522 placebo-controlled trials of antidepressant drugs. The UK media provided wide coverage of the study, expressing the opinion that the study should 'end all debate' about the efficacy and safety of antidepressants.

In response, a number of prominent academics and psychiatrists including Dr Joanna Moncrieff, Professor John Read and others pointed out³ the media's lack of critical appraisal and the problems with the study itself, including the fact that adverse effects and withdrawal difficulties were not acknowledged.

A formal reply to this criticism was made on 24 February in a letter to *The Times*. Professor David Baldwin, Head of the Royal College of Psychiatry's Psychopharmacology Committee, wrote:

Furthermore, the statement that coming off antidepressants has disabling withdrawal effects in many patients 'which often last for many years' is incorrect. We know that in the vast majority of our patients, any unpleasant symptoms experienced on discontinuing antidepressants have resolved within two weeks of stopping treatment.

By 28 February, nine mental health professionals had written⁴ to Professor Wendy Burn, RCPsych President and Professor David Baldwin in accordance with the Royal College's complaints procedure. The letter requested a public retraction of *The Times* statement or the provision of the evidence in support of it. The letter included evidence showing that withdrawal from antidepressants was a significant and prominent problem for a number of users.

Professors Burn and Baldwin duly responded to the complaint but provided no evidence in support of the two-week claim. Neither had they seen fit to publicly retract a statement that, when taken at face value, could easily lead patients into becoming dependent on antidepressants.

Following this reply, Professor John Read and members of the Council for Evidence-Based Psychiatry amplified upon the original complaint, providing evidence in support of the view that antidepressant withdrawal was a significant issue for many people. The letter was signed by 30 academics, psychiatrists and those with lived experience, and was shared with the Royal College on 9 March.

Since then, there have been a number of communications back and forth, but the Royal College has sought to downplay

requests for clarification. Following College's refusal to retract their public statement minimizing the withdrawal effects of antidepressant drugs, and their suppression of research evidence that contradicts their statement, on 17 July the group of 30 wrote to the new Secretary of State for Health and Social Care to inform him that 'the Royal College of Psychiatrists is currently operating outside the ethical, professional and scientific standards expected of a body representing medical professionals'.

The Letter

Url: www.madinamerica.com/2018/07/30-mental-health-experts-write-secretary-state-unprofessional-conduct-uk-royal-college-psychiatry

The Rt Hon. Matt Hancock MP Secretary of State for Health and Social Care Department of Health 79 Whitehall London SW1A 2NS

July 17, 2018

Dear Mr Hancock

Ethical, Professional and Scientific Standards of the Royal College of Psychiatrists

We write to you as a group of mental health experts (including eight professors, ten psychiatrists, and ten people who have experienced the withdrawal effects of antidepressants for between 11 months and ten years), because we have become convinced that the Royal College of Psychiatrists (RCPsych) is currently operating outside the ethical, professional and scientific standards expected of a body representing medical professionals.

On April 26, 2018, in the House of Lords, the Earl of Sandwich said:

'On 24 February, the president of the Royal College of Psychiatrists and a colleague wrote in The Times that for "the vast majority of patients, any unpleasant symptoms experienced on discontinuing antidepressants have resolved within two weeks of stopping treatment".

This statement has appalled a large number of psychiatrists and patients who have lodged a complaint with the RCP, including some who have experienced withdrawal effects for between 11 months and 10 years. Even the Royal College's own survey of 800 users found that withdrawal symptoms generally lasted for up to six weeks, with a quarter reporting that anxiety lasted more than three months. If even one of our leading institutions can mislead Times readers on a matter of public safety, what hope do the Government have of explaining these things to the general public?'

We had originally written to the two senior officials responsible for the misleading statement, but they declined to either retract the statement or provide any compelling research evidence to support it. So we felt it incumbent upon us to register a formal Complaint with the RCPsych about such a misleading and potentially dangerous public statement made by two of its senior leaders, minimizing the seriousness and duration of the withdrawal effects of antidepressants.

The Complaint was dismissed by the Registrar without initiating a full investigation, and without a right of appeal. As is clear from the accompanying documentation [not included here – ed.], the four stated reasons for the peremptory dismissal were all either irrelevant or untrue.

We have waited four weeks for a response to our last letter to the RCPsych (19.6.2018). It seems we must accept that our endeavours to have the RCPsych respond in a responsible, professional manner to our concerns have come to nought and that we have therefore reached the end of our options for engaging with the RCPsych via its own processes.

Before deciding whether to take our original Complaint about the two senior officials of the RCPsych to the General Medical Council, and/or to lodge a Complaint about the RCPsych as an organisation with the Charity Commission because of their subsequent conduct, we ask that you review our requests of the RCPsych (below) and consider intervening, if only to encourage the RCPsych to reconsider those requests (including the simple request to meet with them – #7).

We understand the RCPsych is not directly accountable to yourself or Parliament. We would, nevertheless, ask you to consider suggesting to the RCPsych that it would be in the public interest for them to respond meaningfully to try to resolve the serious issue we have raised.

This is a matter of grave concern since it involves information about prescription medications taken by millions of people across the UK. We feel that this matter requires urgent attention and should not await the results of the Public Health England review into Prescribed Drug Dependence.

Our requests to the RCPsych, which we do feel are in the public interest, follow. They have been given to RCPsych on several occasions and have been consistently either ignored or dismissed.

We hope you may be in a position to ask RCPsych to respond in a more professional manner, which places the public interest on at least an equal footing as its guild interests.

- Publicly retract, explain and apologise for the misleading statement, in The Times and on the RCPsych
 website
- Provide guidance or training for all RCPsych spokespersons, including the current President, on (i) the importance of ensuring that public statements are evidence-based, and (ii) the limitations of relying on colleagues who are in receipt of payments from the pharmaceutical industry (e.g. Professor Baldwin).
- Review policies and procedures relating to the holding of positions of responsibility within the RCPsych by members who are in receipt of drug company payments, including Professor Baldwin.
- Provide new evidence-based information about antidepressants and adverse effects, including withdrawal effects, and guidance about how best to withdraw, to be issued by the RCPsych and generated and agreed on the basis of a joint working group including some of ourselves and withdrawal sufferers.
- Reinstate, on the RCPsych website, the document 'Coming Off Antidepressants', including the results
 of the survey that contradicts the false statement and accurately reflects the experiences of over 800
 antidepressant recipients.
- Make a commitment to advocate for more research, using a range of methodologies, into the duration and
 nature of symptoms following withdrawal from antidepressants, and into tapering protocols and treatments
 to assist people to withdraw safely.
- Arrange an informal roundtable meeting with Professors Burn and Baldwin and one or two other RCPsych representatives (perhaps chosen jointly by the Disciplinary and Complaints Committee and the President) with an equal number of ourselves, with the goal of moving on from a complaints procedure, and the difficult feelings involved therein, in such a way that we are all genuinely working together, in our inevitably different ways, to, in the words of Professors Burn and Baldwin in their responses above, 'help our patients recover' and to not only 'make sure depressed and anxious patients receive the best possible care' but also those withdrawing from antidepressants.

We have appended the original Complaint, with all the relevant research evidence and correspondence. We believe the RCPsych responses show a trail of obfuscation, dishonesty and inability or unwillingness to engage with a concerned group of professionals, scientists and patients.

If a group of scientists and psychiatrists together cannot challenge the RCPsych in a way that leads to an appropriate, considered response and to productive engagement with the complainants, what hope is there for

individual patients to have a complaint taken seriously?

In the interests of public interest and safety, we are making this letter, and any response thereto, public, and copying it to other MPs and members of the House of Lords and the Scottish and Welsh Assemblies with a special interest in mental or public health.

Yours sincerely

Professor John Read

(Clinical Psychology, University of East London) john@uel.ac.uk 0208 203 4943 07944 853 783

on behalf of:

 $\textbf{Claire Ashby-James} \ (with drawal \ effects \ from \ Escital opram-1 \ year, 9 \ months) \ Berkshire$

Emeritus Professor Mary Boyle (Clinical Psychology) University of East London

Dr Pat Bracken (Psychiatry) County Cork

Dr Steven Coles (Clinical Psychology) Nottinghamshire Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust

Dr Duncan Double (Psychiatry) Norfolk and Suffolk NHS Foundation Trust

Tabitha Dow (withdrawal effects from Venlafaxine – 2 years, 4 months) Berkshire

Alyne Duthie (withdrawal effects from Venlafaxine - 4 years) Aberdeenshire

Dr Peter Gordon (withdrawal effects from Paroxetine – 4 years) Stirlingshire

Professor Peter Gøtzsche (Medical Research) University of Copenhagen

Dr Peter Groot (Psychiatry) University of Maastricht

Carina Håkansson (Psychotherapy) International Institute for Psychiatric Drug Withdrawal

Dr Christopher Harrop (Clinical Psychology) University College London

Dr Oliver James (Clinical Psychology, Author)

Ann Kelly (withdrawal effects from Fluoxetine & Venlafaxine - 10 years) West Dunbartonshire

Stevie Lewis (withdrawal effects from Paroxetine - 4 years) Monmouthshire

Nora Lindt (withdrawal effects from Venlafaxine - 3 years) Dublin

Dr Hugh Middleton (Psychiatry) University of Nottingham

James Moore (withdrawal effects from Mirtazapine - 11 months) Monmouthshire

Sinead Morris (withdrawal effects from Paroxetine - 3 years) County Antrim

Professor Jim van Os (Psychiatry) University of Maastricht; Institute of Psychiatry, London

Danielle Park (withdrawal effects from Mirtazapine/Depakote - 4 years, 4 months) Kent

Dr Margreet Peutz (Psychiatry) CGG Brussels, Belgium

Professor Nimisha Patel (Clinical Psychology) University of East London

Professor David Pilgrim (Clinical Psychology) University of Southampton

Professor Paula Reavey (Psychology) London South Bank University

Dr Clive Sherlock (Psychiatry) Oxford

Dr Derek Summerfield (Psychiatry) King's College London

Dr Philip Thomas (Psychiatry) (retired, ex University of Central Lancashire)

Professor Sami Timimi (Psychiatry) Lincolnshire Partnership NHS Foundation Trust

Jo Watson (Psychotherapy) Birmingham

CC

Jackie Doyle-Price MP – Under Secretary of State – Mental Health & Inequalities

Nicola Blackwood MP - Under Secretary of State - Public Health & Innovation

John Ashworth MP - Shadow Secretary of State - Health & Social Care

Paula Sherriff MP - Shadow Minister - Mental Health

Baroness Judith Jolly - Health Spokesperson, Liberal Democrats

Caroline Lucas MP - Co-leader, Green Party

Jeane Freeman MSP (Scottish Assembly) Cabinet Secretary - Health and Sport

Dr Lisa Cameron MP - Mental Health Spokesperson, SNP

Vaughan Gething AM (National Assembly for Wales) - Cabinet Secretary - Health & Social Services

Rhun ap Iorwerth AM (National Assembly for Wales) – Shadow Cabinet Secretary – Health, Well-being & Sport; Plaid Cymru

David Rowlands AM (National Assembly for Wales) Petitions Committee Chair

Sir Oliver Letwin MP - Chair, All Party Parliamentary Group for Prescribed Drug Dependence

Luciana Berger MP - All Party Parliamentary Group for Prescribed Drug Dependence

Paul Flynn MP - All Party Parliamentary Group for Prescribed Drug Dependence

Norman Lamb MP - All Party Parliamentary Group for Prescribed Drug Dependence

The Earl of Sandwich - All Party Parliamentary Group for Prescribed Drug Dependence

Baroness Masham of Ilton - All Party Parliamentary Group for Prescribed Drug Dependence

John McDonnell MP

Jess Phillips MP

Eleanor Smith MP

Notes

- 1 See www.thelancet.com/journals/lancet/article/PIIS0140-6736(17)32802-7/fulltext
- 2 See https://uk.reuters.com/article/uk-health-antidepressants/study-seeks-to-end-antidepressant-debate-the-drugs-do-work-idUKKCN1G52Y9
- 3 See www.theguardian.com/science/2018/feb/23/why-we-are-sceptical-of-antidepressant-analysis
- 4 See http://cepuk.org/2018/03/01/royal-college-psychiatrists-challenged-burying-inconvenient-antidepressant-data/